

ACTIVITIES AND SUMMARY REPORT

OF THE

COMMITTEE ON THE BUDGET

FIRST SESSION

Mr. RYAN of Wisconsin, from the Committee on the Budget,
submitted the following

R E P O R T

JURISDICTION AND FUNCTIONS

OF THE COMMITTEE

The Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 established the Committees on the Budget for the House of Representatives and the Senate. These Committees are responsible for developing and reporting the annual concurrent resolution on the budget ("budget resolution"), for assembling and reporting any reconciliation legislation required by that resolution, and for overseeing the congressional and statutory budget process.

Once adopted, the budget resolution provides an overall framework and plan for Congressional consideration of spending, revenue, and debt limit legislation. It sets a ceiling on total spending and a floor on total revenues to be collected. It also provides an allocation of spending authority to each committee of Congress, both the appropriations committees and among the various authorizing committees. The House and Senate enforce the aggregate spending and revenue levels, and the committee allocations set by the budget resolution, through points of order that govern the consideration of legislation.

The budget resolution may also include the optional reconciliation process, which directs authorizing committees to revise programs under their jurisdiction in order to adjust either projected spending or revenues by specified amounts. If more than one committee receives reconciliation instructions, the Budget Committee is responsible for assembling the reports submitted by the various committees for consideration on the House floor. The budget reconciliation process is used when changes in entitlement or tax law are needed to implement the plan set out in the budget resolution: to

reconcile actual spending and revenue in law with the guidelines set out in the resolution.

In response to reconciliation instructions, the various committees report their legislative recommendations to the Budget Committee. The Budget Committee then assembles the legislation into an omnibus legislative package without making any substantive revisions for consideration by the House. The Budget Committee not only has jurisdiction over budget resolutions and reconciliation bills, it also has legislative jurisdiction over major elements of the budget process and various statutory controls over the Federal budget.

When the House of Representatives adopted Rules for the 104th Congress (House Resolution 6) on January 5, 1995, the Budget Committee achieved for the first time legislative jurisdiction over major elements of the congressional budget process and various statutory controls over the Federal budget. In adopting the Rules of the House of Representatives for the 105th Congress (House Resolution 5) on January 7, 1997, the House extended the Budget Committee's legislative jurisdiction to include not only the congressional budget process but the budget process in general. The Committee's jurisdictional statement, House Rule X, clause 1(d), now reads as follows:

(1) Concurrent resolutions on the budget (as defined in section 3(4) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974), other matters required to be referred to the committee under titles III and IV of that Act, and other measures setting forth appropriate levels of budget totals for the United States Government.

(2) Budget process generally.

(3) Establishment, extension, and enforcement of special controls over the Federal budget, including the budgetary treatment of off-budget Federal agencies and measures providing exemption from reduction under any order issued under part C of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985.

Under its jurisdiction, the Budget Committee has exclusive jurisdiction over both budgetary levels and budgetary concepts. Under subparagraph (2), the Budget Committee has primary jurisdiction over the budget process, as well as, secondary jurisdiction over purely procedural aspects of the congressional budget process. Finally under subparagraph (3), the Budget Committee has exclusive jurisdiction over the establishment, extension, and enforcement of direct and discretionary spending

limits, pay-go requirements, and other special budgetary mechanisms to control spending, the deficit, or the Federal budget, including the sequestration process.

In addition to its legislative duties, the Budget Committee continues to have responsibilities for oversight and studies. These responsibilities include oversight of the Congressional Budget Office; study of the outlay effects of existing and proposed legislation; study of off-budget entities; study of tax expenditures; and study of proposals to improve and facilitate the congressional budget process.

SUMMARY OF ACTIVITIES

FISCAL YEAR 2014 BUDGET RESOLUTION

On March 12, 2013, the Committee on the Budget marked up the fiscal year 2014 concurrent resolution on the budget, House Concurrent Resolution 25. The report accompanying House Concurrent Resolution 25 (113th Congress), House Report 113-17, was filed on March 15, 2013.

The Committee on Rules reported a rule (House Resolution 122) providing for the consideration of House Concurrent Resolution 25 (113th Congress). The rule provided for four hours of general debate: three hours controlled by the Chair and Ranking Minority Member of the Committee on the Budget, equally divided; and one hour on the subject of economic goals and policies equally divided between the Chair and Ranking Minority Member of the Joint Economic Committee or their designees.

The Resolution specified certain amendments in order and waived all points of order against consideration of the concurrent resolution.

After the adoption of House Resolution 122, floor debate on House Concurrent Resolution 25 proceeded on March 20 and 21, 2013. The Committee of the Whole passed House Resolution 122 on March 19, 2013.

The Committee of the Whole proceeded with four hours of general debate on the resolution and then proceeded to full substitute amendments:

Amendment No. 1: An amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by Representative Mulvaney [SC-5] was defeated. Failed by recorded vote: 154-261 (Roll no. 83).

Amendment No. 2: An amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by Representative Scott [VA-3] was defeated. Failed by

recorded vote: 105-305, 1 Present (Roll no. 84).

Amendment No. 3: An amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by Representative Grijalva [AZ-3] was defeated. Failed by recorded vote: 84-327, 1 Present (Roll no. 85).

Amendment No. 4: An amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by Representative Woodall [GA-7] was defeated. Failed by recorded vote: 104-132, 171 Present (Roll no. 86).

Amendment No. 5: An amendment in the nature of a substitute offered by Representative Van Hollen [MD-8] was defeated. Failed by recorded vote: 165-253 (Roll no. 87).

The fiscal year 2014 concurrent resolution on the budget passed the House on March 21, 2013. On agreeing to the resolution: Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: 221-207 (Roll no. 88).

On March 22, 2013, the House-passed fiscal year 2014 concurrent resolution on the budget (House Concurrent Resolution 25) was received in the Senate and placed on the Senate Calendar under General Orders Calendar No. 33.

On October 16, 2013, Mr. Ryan (WI) made a unanimous consent request that the House be considered to have taken from the Speaker's table S. Con. Res. 8; adopted an amendment in the nature of a substitute consisting of the text of H. Con. Res. 25, as adopted by the House; adopted such concurrent resolution, as amended; insisted on its amendment; and requested a conference with the Senate thereon; and during the remainder of the 113th Congress, it shall not be in order to offer a motion under clause 7(c) of rule 22 with respect to S. Con. Res. 8. This unanimous consent request was agreed to without objection. The Speaker appointed conferees. The Senate disagreed to the House amendment, but agreed to the request for a conference, and appointed conferees.

On October 17, 2013, a message on the Senate's action was sent to the House.

On October 30, 2013, the Budget Conference Committee held its first meeting.

On November 13, 2013, the Budget Conference Committee held its second meeting.

On December 12, 2013, Mr. Ryan (WI) moved that the House recede and concur with an amendment in the Senate amendment to House Joint Resolution 59. On motion that the House recede and concur with an amendment in the Senate amendment: Agreed to by recorded vote: 332-94 (Roll no. 640). This House amendment included legislation putting in place a budget resolution for FY 2014,

as well as other changes in law.

OTHER LEGISLATIVE ACTIVITIES

H.Res.5, Adopting Rules for the 113th Congress

The organizing resolution (H.Res.5) adopted by the House on January 3, 2013 at the commencement of the 113th Congress contained several provisions related to the congressional budget process. House Resolution 5 provides that the Rules of the 112th Congress are the Rules of the 113th Congress. In the 112th Congress, House Resolution 5 (112th) replaced the Pay-As-You-Go requirement with a Cut-As-You-Go requirement. The latter prohibits consideration of legislation if it has the net effect of increasing direct spending within a five- or ten-year budget window.

The next provision requires the inclusion in the Cut-As-You-Go evaluation of legislation of the entire text of a separate House-passed measure or measures added as new matter to such legislation pursuant to special order of the House.

Further, House Resolution 5 excludes from such evaluation any provision expressly designated as an emergency for the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010 (but not any amendment so designated, which is subjected to the evaluation).

A third provision repealed rule XXVIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, which provided for an automatic engrossment and transmittal to the Senate of a joint resolution changing the public debt limit, upon the adoption of a congressional budget resolution. Rule XXVIII allowed for the House to avoid a separate vote on public debt limit legislation.

Next, the resolution authorizes the chair of the Budget Committee to provide authoritative guidance concerning the impact of a legislative proposal on the levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, and revenues codified as clause 4 of rule XXIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives.

The resolution also amended the budget enforcement process, making it out of order in the House to consider general appropriations legislation that (1) provides spending authority beyond what is actually derived from receipts deposited in the Highway Trust Fund (excluding any transfers that have already occurred from the General Fund of the Treasury); or (2) spends those receipts for any purpose

other than authorized activities for the highway or mass transit categories. Furthermore, House Resolution 5 makes it out of order to consider a budget resolution, amendment, or conference report containing reconciliation directives that specify changes in law that would cause an increase in net direct spending.

House Resolution 5 also provides that in the first session of the 113th Congress and prior to the adoption of a fiscal year 2014 budget resolution the provisions of H. Con. Res. 112 (112th Congress) remain in force and effect and the allocations of spending authority included in tables 11 and 12 of House Report 112-421 (112th Congress) shall be regarded as the allocations under section 302 (a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 in the House.

Additionally, House Resolution 5 specifies separate orders relating to the treatment of legislation in view of certain budget requirements of these Rules, including orders concerning: (1) spending reduction amendments in appropriations bills and (2) estimates of direct spending in concurrent resolutions on the budget.

H.Res.6, Electing Members to Certain Standing Committees of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on January 3, 2013 and elected Mr. Ryan of Wisconsin as Chairman of the Committee on the Budget.

H.Res.7, Electing Members to Certain Standing Committees of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on January 3, 2013 and elected Mr. Van Hollen, Ms. Schwartz, Mr. Yarmuth, Mr. Pascrell, Mr. Ryan of Ohio, Ms. Moore, Ms. Castor of Florida, Ms. Lee of California, and Mr. Cicilline to the Committee on the Budget.

H.Res. 22, Electing Members to Certain Standing Committees of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on January 14, 2013 and elected Mr. McDermott to rank immediately after Ms. Castor of Florida, Mr. Jeffries, Mr. Pocan, Ms. Michelle Lujan Grisham of New Mexico, Mr. Huffman, and Mr. Cárdenas to the Committee on the Budget.

H.Res. 42, Electing Members to Certain Standing Committees of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on January 23, 2013 and elected

Mr. Schrader to the Committee on the Budget.

H. Res. 53, Electing Members to a Standing Committee of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on February 5, 2013 and elected Mr. Garrett, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Calvert, Mr. Cole, Mr. McClintock, Mr. Lankford, Mr. Ribble, Mr. Flores, Mr. Rokita, Mr. Woodall, Mrs. Blackburn, Mr. Nunnelee, Mr. Rigell, Mrs. Hartzler, Mrs. Walorski, Mr. Messer, Mr. Rice of South Carolina, and Mr. Williams to the Committee on the Budget.

H. Res. 64, Electing Members to Certain Standing Committees of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on February 13, 2013 and elected Mr. Blumenauer to rank immediately after Mr. Cárdenas to the Committee on the Budget.

H. Res. 82, Electing Members to Certain Standing Committees of the House of Representatives

This resolution was agreed to on February 26, 2013 and elected Mr. Price of Georgia to rank immediately after Mr. Cole, Mrs. Black to rank immediately after Mr. Lankford, and Mr. Duffy to the Committee on the Budget.

H.R. 1871, Baseline Reform Act of 2013

On June 19, 2013, the Committee on the Budget reported H.R. 1871, the Baseline Reform Act of 2013. This bill addressed the baseline's assumption of higher spending each year and removed this pro-spending bias. Specifically, this bill removes the assumption that discretionary spending will increase by inflation in each year of the baseline. In addition, it removes the exceptions to the general inflationary rule for expiring housing contracts, social-insurance administrative expenses, and annualization of federal-employee pay. It also codifies the Congressional Budget Office's current practice of providing a long-term budget outlook no later than July 1 each year. Finally, the Baseline Reform Act does not change how mandatory or revenue baselines are calculated.

H.R. 1874, Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013

On July 19, 2013, the Committee on the Budget reported H.R. 1874, the Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013. This bill requires the

Congressional Budget Office to prepare an analysis of the effect that major legislation would have on the U.S. economy. This macro-economic impact analysis would be supplemental information in addition to the official congressional cost estimate of the legislation.

House Amendment to H. J. Res. 59, Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013

The Bipartisan Budget Act (BBA) was a House amendment to the Senate amendment to House Joint Resolution 59. The BBA establishes an enforceable budget for fiscal year 2014 as well as a process for the timely adoption of an enforceable budget for fiscal year 2015. Additionally, the BBA authorizes an increase in discretionary spending for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. It specifically provides \$63 billion in sequester relief over two years, split evenly between defense and non-defense programs. This discretionary sequester relief is more than fully offset by \$85 billion in savings elsewhere in the budget through specific, concrete spending cuts, which eliminate waste, cut corporate welfare, and take steps toward real reform and not tax increases. Among these offsets, the BBA extends the mandatory sequester for two more years, fiscal years 2022 and 2023, which will result in \$28 billion in savings. The legislation reduces the deficit by \$23 billion over ten years.

ADJUSTMENTS AND CURRENT LEVEL REPORTS

Revisions to the Aggregates and Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2012 and 2013 Budget Resolutions

Bill Number – H.R. 8 (112th Congress)

Title – American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012

Date – January 22, 2013

Congressional Record – H220

Status Report on Current Spending Levels of On-Budget Spending and Revenues for FY 2013 and the 10-Year Period FY 2013 through FY 2022

Date – January 25, 2013

Congressional Record – H290-292

Revisions to the Aggregates and Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2013 Budget Resolution

Bill Number – H.R. 45

Title – To repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and health care-related provisions in the Health Care and Education

Reconciliation Act of 2010.

Date – May 14, 2013

Congressional Record – H2600-2601

Revisions to the Aggregates and Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2014

Budget Resolution

Date – June 4, 2013

Congressional Record – H3042-3043

Revisions to the Aggregates and Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2014

Budget Resolution Related to Legislation Reported by the Committee on Appropriations

Bill Number – H.R. 2217

Title – Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act, 2014

Date – June 4, 2013

Congressional Record – H3043

Status Report on Current Spending Levels of On-Budget Spending and Revenues for FY 2013, 2014 and the 10-Year Period FY 2014 through 2023

Date – June 25, 2013

Congressional Record – H4024-4026

Revisions to the Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution Related to Legislation Reported by the Committee on Appropriations

Date – July 8, 2013

Congressional Record – H4211

Status Report on Current Levels of On-Budget Spending and Revenues for FY 2013, 2014 and the 10-Year Period FY 2014 through FY 2023

Date – September 11, 2013

Congressional Record – H5502-5506

Revisions to the Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget Resolution Related to H. J. Res. 85, National Emergency and Disaster Recovery Act

Bill Number – H. J. Res. 85

Title – Federal Emergency Management Agency Continuing

Appropriations Resolution, 2014

Date – October 4, 2013

Congressional Record – H6288
Status Report on Current Spending Levels of On-Budget Spending
and Revenues for FY 2013, 2014 and the 10-Year Period FY 2014 through
FY 2023

Date – October 29, 2013
Congressional Record – H6895-6899

Revisions to the Allocations of the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget
Resolution Related to Legislation Reported by the Committee on
Appropriations

Date – October 29, 2013
Congressional Record – H6899

BUDGET ENFORCEMENT

One of the responsibilities of the Committee on the Budget is to monitor legislation to be considered on the floor of the House and what implications such legislation would have for spending and revenue. The Committee provided ongoing oversight of the Office of Management and Budget's implementation of budget submission, control, execution and enforcement procedures under the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, and the Budget Control Act of 2011.

Pursuant to Section 312 of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 and rule XXIX of the Rules of the House of Representatives, the Chairman is provided authority to give guidance concerning the impact of a legislative proposition on the levels of new budget authority, outlays, direct spending, new entitlement authority, and revenues.

Additionally, the Committee monitored reclassifications of budget accounts, re-estimates of the subsidies of credit programs, consistency in cost estimates for direct spending and tax bills, compliance with the relevant laws, in the development of budget projections and changes in spend-out rates for discretionary programs.

The Committee provided guidance to the Committee on Appropriations and the authorizing committees to ensure that spending and tax legislation did not breach the appropriate levels in the budget resolution as required under sections 302(f), 303(a) and 311(a) of the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 or violate any budget-related provisions of the Rules of the House of

Representatives.

ECONOMIC POLICY

The Committee has studied, and will continue to study, how economic policies affect the Federal budget.

OVERSIGHT ACTIVITIES

The primary responsibility of the Budget Committee is the development of a concurrent budget resolution that sets spending and revenue levels in aggregate and across major functional categories. These budget functions encompass all Federal programs and activities. Certain programs are considered off-budget, such as Social Security and the Postal Service, and some are considered non-budgetary, such as the Federal Reserve.

The subject matter of the budget is inherently broad, but the Committee's formal oversight responsibility focuses on law governing the budget process and the agencies responsible for administering elements of those laws. Under clauses 1(d)(2) and (3) of House Rule X, the major laws falling within its oversight are the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, and the Budget Control Act of 2011. The two agencies with primary responsibility for administering elements of these laws and hence which fall under the Committee's jurisdiction are the Office of Management and Budget and the Congressional Budget Office.

In addition to these general oversight responsibilities, the Budget Committee has the special oversight responsibility under clause 3(c) of House rule X to study the effect on budget outlays of existing and proposed legislation and under clause 4(b)(6) of House rule X to request and evaluate continuing studies of tax expenditures.

The House Budget Committee met on February 13, 2013 to organize for the 113th Congress. In addition to adopting rules of procedure, the Committee also adopted a written oversight plan. The Committee held hearings in the process of developing the annual concurrent budget resolution. Additionally, the Committee received testimony from Members of Congress, Cabinet level and other Federal officials, State and local officials, and expert witnesses to

review the budget and economic outlook, the President's budget submissions and other budget and economic matters.

The Committee oversight plan calls for continuous assessment of the performance of Federal agencies in both the administration and service delivery by reviewing performance data in the President's budget submissions and the relevant reports and audits of the Government Accountability Office and the Offices of the Inspectors General.

Pursuant to the Committee's request, the Government Accountability Office published the following reports:

March 1 Joint Committee Sequestration for Fiscal Year 2013 [7/31/2013]

Budget Issues: Key Questions to Consider When Evaluating Balances in Federal Accounts [9/30/2013]

Federal User Fees: Fee Design Options and Implications for Managing Revenue Instability [9/30/2013]

Fiscal Exposures: Improving Cost Recognition in the Federal Budget [10/29/2013]

Sequestration: Observations on the Department of Defense's Approach in Fiscal Year 2013 [11/7/2013]

The oversight plan specifically calls on the Committee to study the budgetary effect of existing law and proposed legislation, as well as government regulation on government spending and to explore ways of reducing waste, fraud, and abuse in government agencies. Furthermore, the Committee drew on the authorizing Committees' Views and Estimates on the President's budget, that are submitted to the Committee pursuant to section 301(d) of the Congressional Budget Act, to coordinate its oversight activities with other committees.

The House Budget Committee will continue to review the budgetary treatment of assistance to, and ongoing operations of: Federal National Mortgage Association (Fannie Mae) and Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddie Mac). Moreover, the Committee plan calls for continued oversight of the Office of Management and Budget's implementation of budget submission, control, execution, and enforcement procedures under the Budget and Accounting Act of 1921, the Congressional Budget Act of 1974, the Budget Enforcement Act of 1990, the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985, the Statutory Pay-As-You-Go Act of 2010, and other applicable laws. The oversight plan also calls for the evaluation and study of direct spending and tax policies.

LEGISLATIVE HISTORY OF MEASURES ON WHICH ACTION WAS
TAKEN

The following legislative measures were acted on by the Committee on the Budget or contained provisions relating to the congressional budget process.

H.R. 8 (112th Congress)

Sponsor – Hon. Dave Camp [MI-4]

Date Introduced – July 24, 2012

Title – American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012

July 24, 2012 – Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

July 31, 2012 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 747 reported to House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 8 with 1 hour of general debate.

August 1, 2012 – Rule H. Res. 747 passed House.

August 1, 2013 – Considered under the provisions of rule H. Res. 747.

August 1, 2012 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by recorded vote: 256-171 (Roll no. 545).

January 1, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate, under the order of 1/1/2013, having achieved 60 votes in the affirmative, with an amendment and an amendment to the Title by Yea-Nay Vote. 89-8. Record Vote Number: 251.

January 1, 2013 – Resolving differences – House actions: On motion that the House agree to the Senate amendments Agreed to by recorded vote: 257-167 (Roll no: 659).

January 2, 2013 – Presented to the President, signed by the President, and became Public Law No: 112-240.

House Resolution 5

Sponsor – Hon. Eric Cantor [VA-7]

Date Introduced – January 3, 2013

Title – Adopting rules for the One Hundred Thirteenth Congress

January 3, 2013 – Considered as privileged matter.

January 3, 2013 – Ms. Eleanor Holmes Norton [DC] moved to refer the resolution to a select committee of five members, to be appointed by the Speaker, not more than three of whom shall be from the same political party, with instructions not to report back the same until it has conducted a full and complete study of, and made a determination on, whether there is any reason to deny Delegates voting right in the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union.

January 3, 2103 – Mr. Cantor moved to table the motion to refer.

January 3, 2013 – On motion to table the motion to refer: Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: 227-191 (Roll no. 3).

January 3, 2013 – The House proceeded with one hour of debate on H. Res. 5.

January 3, 2103 – Passed/agreed to in House: On agreeing to the resolution Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: 228 - 196 (Roll no. 6).

H.R. 41

Sponsor – Hon. Scott Garrett [NJ-5]

Date Introduced – January 3, 2013

Title – To temporarily increase the borrowing authority of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for carrying out the National Flood Insurance Program.

January 3, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Financial Services, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the Committee concerned.

January 4, 2013 –Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill: Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: (2/3 required): 354 – 67 (Roll no. 7).

January 4, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Received in the Senate, read twice, considered, read the third time, and passed without amendment by Voice Vote. Presented to the President.

January 6, 2013 – Signed by the President and became
Public Law No: 113-1.

H.R. 45

Sponsor – Hon. Michele Bachmann [MN-6]

Date Introduced – January 3, 2013

Title – To repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and health care-related provisions in the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.

January 3, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Energy and Commerce, and in addition to the Committees on Education and the Workforce, Ways and Means, the Judiciary, Natural Resources, Rules, House Administration, Appropriations, and the Budget for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

May 15, 2013 – Rules Committee House Resolution 215 reported to House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 45 with 2 hours of general debate. Motion to recommit with or without instructions allowed. Measure will be considered as read. Bill is closed to amendments.

May 16, 2013 – Rule H. Res. 215 passed House.

May 16, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by the Yeas and Nays: 229-195 (Roll no. 154). Received in the Senate

May 20, 2013 – Received in the Senate.

May 21, 2013 – Read the first time. Placed on the Senate Legislative Calendar under Read the First Time.

May 22, 2013 – Read the second time. Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 78.

H.R. 152

Sponsor – Hon. Harold Rogers [KY-5]

Date Introduced – January 4, 2013

Title – Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013

January 4, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on

the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

January 14, 2013 – Rules Committee House Resolution 23 reported to House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 152 with 1 hour of general debate. Previous question shall be considered as ordered without intervening motions except motion to recommit with or without instructions. Measure will be considered read. Specified amendments are in order. The resolution waives all points of order against consideration of the bill. The resolution provides that the amendment in the nature of a substitute printed in part A of this report shall be considered as an original bill. The resolution waives all points of order against the amendment in the nature of a substitute. The resolution provides that if the amendment in the nature of a substitute printed in part A is not adopted, the Committee of the Whole House shall rise and report that it has come to no resolution on the bill. The resolution provides that each such amendment printed in part B and part C of this report shall not be subject to a demand.

January 15, 2013 – House Resolution 23 passed the House.

January 15, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by the Yeas and Nays: 241 - 180 (Roll no. 23).

January 22, 2013 – Received in the Senate.

January 28, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate, under the order of 1/24/13, having achieved 60 votes in the affirmative, without amendment by Yea-Nay Vote. 62 - 36. Record Vote Number: 4.

January 29, 2013 – Presented to the President, signed by the President, and became Public Law No: 113-2.

H.R. 254

Sponsor – Hon. Jason Chaffetz [UT-3]

Date Introduced – January 15, 2013

Title – Bonneville Unit Clean Hydropower Facilitation Act

January 15, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

April 9, 2013 – Reported by the Committee on Natural Resources. H. Rept. 113-25, Part I.

April 9, 2013 – Committee on the Budget discharged.

April 9, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill: Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: (2/3 required): 400 - 4 (Roll no. 90).

April 10, 2013 – Received in the Senate, read twice.

July 10, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: passed Senate without amendment by Unanimous Consent.

July 12, 2013 – Presented to the President.

July 18, 2013 – Signed by the President and became Public Law No: 113-20.

H.R. 367

Sponsor – Hon. Todd C. Young [IN-9]

Date Introduced – January 23, 2013

Title – Regulations From the Executive in Need of Scrutiny Act of 2013

January 23, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committees on Rules, and the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

July 19, 2013 – Reported (Amended) by the Committee on the Judiciary. H. Rept. 113-160, Part I.

July 19, 2013 – Committee on Rules and Committee on the Budget discharged.

July 31, 2013 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 322 reported to House. In each case the rule provides for one hour of debate on the bill and one motion to recommit for each bill.

August 2, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by recorded vote: 232-183 (Roll no. 445).

September 9, 2013 – Received in the Senate and read twice

and referred to the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs.

H.R. 444

Sponsor – Hon. Tom Price [GA-6]

Date Introduced – February 1, 2013

Title – Require a PLAN Act

February 1, 2013 – Referred to the House Committee on the Budget.

February 4, 2013 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 48 reported to the House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 444 with 1 hour of general debate.

February 5, 2013 – Rule H. Res. 48 passed House. Considered under the provisions of rule H. Res. 48.

February 6, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by recorded vote: 253 - 167 (Roll no. 38).

February 7, 2013 – Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Budget.

H.R. 668

Sponsor – Hon. Luke Messer [IN-6]

Date Introduced – February 13, 2013

Title – To amend section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, to require that annual budget submissions of the President to Congress provide an estimate of the cost per taxpayer of the deficit, and for other purposes.

February 13, 2013 – Referred to the House Committee on the Budget.

March 5, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill: Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: (2/3 required): 392-28, 1 Present (Roll no. 57).

March 7, 2013 – Received in the Senate and Read twice and referred to the Committee on the Budget.

H.R. 899

Sponsor – Hon. Virginia Foxx [NC-5]

Date Introduced – February 28, 2013

Title – Unfunded Mandates Information and Transparency Act of 2013

February 28, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Oversight and Government Reform, and in addition to

the Committees on the Budget, Rules, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

July 24, 2013 – House Oversight and Government Reform Committee consideration and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported by the Yeas and Nays: 22-17.

H.R. 915

Sponsor – Hon. Joseph P. Kennedy III [MA-4]

Date Introduced – February 28, 2013

Title – To authorize the Peace Corps Commemorative Foundation to establish a commemorative work in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes.

February 28, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

December 4, 2013 – Committee on Natural Resources consideration and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported by Unanimous Consent.

H.R. 933

Sponsor – Hon. Harold Rogers [KY-5]

Date Introduced – March 4, 2013

Title – Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013.

March 4, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within in the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

March 5, 2013 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 99 reported to the House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 933 with 1 hour of general debate.

March 6, 2013 – Rule H. Res. 99 passed House.

March 6, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage

Passed by the Yeas and Nays: 267 - 151 (Roll no. 62).
 March 7, 2013 – Received in the Senate. Read twice, and ordered Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 21.
 March 20, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate with an amendment and an amendment to the Title by Yea-Nay Vote. 73 - 26. Record Vote Number: 44.
 March 21, 2013 – Resolving Differences – On motion that the House agree to the Senate amendments Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: 318 - 109 (Roll no. 89).
 March 22, 2013 – Presented to the President.
 March 26, 2013 – Signed by the President and became Public Law No: 113-6.

H.R. 1164

Sponsor – Hon. James Lankford [OK-5]
 Date Introduced – March 14, 2013
 Title – Government Shutdown Prevention Act
 March 14, 2013 – Referred to the House Committee on Appropriations.

H.R. 1765

Sponsor – Hon. Tom Latham [IA-3]
 Date Introduced – April 26, 2013
 Title – Reducing Flight Delays Act of 2013
 April 26, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committees on Transportation and Infrastructure, and the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
 April 26, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: (2/3 required): 361 - 41 (Roll no. 125).
 April 30, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Pursuant to the order of 4/25/13, ordered, received, read twice, read the third time, and passed without amendment by Unanimous Consent.

April 30, 2013 – Presented to the President.
May 1, 2013 – Signed by the President and became Public
Law No: 113-9.

H.R. 1871

Sponsor – Hon. Rob Woodall [GA-7]
Date Introduced – May 8, 2013
Title – Baseline Reform Act of 2013
May 8, 2013 – Referred to the House Committee on the
Budget.
June 19, 2013 – Committee on the Budget consideration
and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported
(Amended) by the yeas and nays: 15-10.
June 25, 2013 – Reported (Amended) by the Committee on
the Budget. H. Rept. 113-129. Placed on the Union
Calendar, Calendar No. 94.

H.R. 1874

Sponsor – Hon. Tom Price [GA-6]
Date Introduced – May 8, 2013
Title – Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013
May 8, 2013 – Referred to the House Committee on the
Budget, and in addition to the Committee on Rules,
for a period to be subsequently determined by the
Speaker, in each case for consideration of such
provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the
committee concerned.
June 19, 2013 – Committee on the Budget consideration
and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported
(Amended) by the yeas and nays: 22-11.
July 19, 2013 – Reported (Amended) by the Committee on
Budget. H. Rept. 113-161, Part I.
July 19, 2013 – Committee on Rules discharged.
July 19, 2013 – Placed on the Union Calendar, Calendar
No. 116.

H.R. 1896

Sponsor – Hon. David G. Reichert [WA-8]
Date Introduced – May 8, 2013
Title – International Child Support Recovery Improvement Act
of 2013

- May 8, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means, and in addition to the Committees on the Budget, and the Judiciary, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
- June 18, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: (2/3 required): 394-27 (Roll no. 252).
- June 19, 2013 – Received in the Senate and read twice and referred to the Committee on Finance.

H.R. 1911

Sponsor – Hon. John Kline [MN-2]

Date Introduced – May 9, 2013

Title – Bipartisan Student Loan Certainty Act of 2013

- May 9, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Education and the Workforce, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
- May 16, 2013 – Committee on Education and the Workforce consideration and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported (amended) by the Yeas and Nays: 24-13.
- May 20, 2013 – Reported (Amended) by the Committee on Education and the Workforce. H. Rept. 113-82, Part I.
- May 20, 2013 – Committee on the Budget discharged.
- May 22, 2013 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 232 reported to House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 1911 with 1 hour of general debate. Previous question shall be considered as ordered without intervening motions except motion to recommit with or without instructions. Measure will be considered read. Bill is closed to amendments.
- May 23, 2013 – Rule H. Res. 232 passed House.
- May 23, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by recorded vote: 221-198 (Roll no. 183).
- June 3, 2013 – Received in the Senate.
- July 24, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate,

under the order of 7/23/2013, having achieved 60 votes in the affirmative, with an amendment by Yeas-Nays Vote. 81-18. Record Vote Number: 185.

July 31, 2013 – Resolving differences – House actions: On motion that the House suspend the rules and agree to the Senate amendment Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: (2/3 required): 392-31 (Roll no. 426).

August 1, 2013 – Presented to the President.

August 9, 2013 – Signed by the President and became Public Law No: 113-28.

H.R. 3080

Sponsor – Hon. Bill Shuster [PA-9]

Date Introduced – September 11, 2013

Title – Water Resources Reform and Development Act of 2013

September 11, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure, and in addition to the Committees on the Budget, Ways and Means, and Natural Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

September 19, 2013 – House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure consideration and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported by Voice Vote.

October 21, 2013 – Reported (Amended) by the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure. H. Rept. 113-246, Part I.

October 21, 2013 – Committee on the Budget, Committee on Ways and Means, and Committee on Natural Resources discharged.

October 22, 2013 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 385 reported to the House. Rule provides for consideration of H.R. 3080 with 1 hour of general debate.

October 23, 2013 – Rule H. Res. 385 passed House.

October 23, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by the Yeas and Nays: 417-3 (Roll no. 560).

October 31, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate without amendment by Unanimous Consent. Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate with an

amendment by Unanimous Consent.

October 31, 2013 – Resolving differences – Senate actions: Senate insisted on its amendment, requested a conference.

November 4, 2013 – Resolving differences – Senate actions: Senate appointed conferees: Senators Boxer, Baucus, Carper, Cardin, Whitehouse, Vitter, Inhofe, and Barrasso.

November 14, 2013 – Resolving differences – House actions: The Speaker appointed conferees from the Committee on Natural Resources, for consideration of sections 103, 115, 144, 146, and 220 of the House bill, and sections 2017, 2027, 2028, 2033, 2051, 3005, 5002, 5003, 5005, 5007, 5012, 5018, 5020, title XII, and sec. 13002 of the Senate amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Hastings (WA), Bishop (UT), and Napolitano.

November 20, 2013 – Conference held.

House Joint Resolution 59

Sponsor – Hon. Harold Rogers [KY-5]

Date Introduced – September 10, 2013

Title – Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2014

September 10, 2013 – Referred to the Committee on Appropriations, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.

September 18, 2013 – Rules Committee Resolution H. Res. 353 reported to the House. Rule provides for consideration of H.J. Res. 59 with 1 hour of general debate.

September 19, 2013 – Rule H. Res. 353 passed House.

September 20, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in House: On passage Passed by recorded vote: 230-189 (Roll No. 478).

September 23, 2013 – Received in the Senate. Read twice. Pursuant to the order of 9-19-2013, Placed on Senate Legislative Calendar under General Orders. Calendar No. 195.

- September 27, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in Senate: Passed Senate with an amendment by Yea-Nay Vote. 54-44. Record Vote Number: 209.
- September 29, 2013 – Resolving differences – House actions: On agreeing in the Senate amendment with amendment #1 Agreed to by the Yeas and Nays: 248-174 (Roll no. 497).
- September 30, 2013 – Resolving differences – House actions: On receding from the House amendments, and concurring in the Senate amendment with amendment Agreed to by recorded vote: 228-201 (Roll no. 504).
- October 1, 2013 – Resolving differences – House actions: The Speaker appointed conferees for consideration of the Senate amendment and the House amendment, and modifications committed to conference: Cantor, Camp, Ryan (WI), and Graves (GA).
- October 1, 2013 – Message on House action received in Senate and at desk: House requests a conference.
- October 1, 2013 – Considered by Senate.
- October 1, 2013 – Motion to table the message from the House with respect to H.J. Res. 59 agreed to in Senate by Yea-Nay. 54-46. Record Vote Number: 212.
- October 1, 2013 – Message on Senate action sent to the House.
- December 12, 2013 – Mr. Ryan (WI) moved that the House recede and concur with an amendment in the Senate amendment.
- December 12, 2013 – Pursuant to the provisions of H.Res. 438, the House proceeded with 70 minutes of debate on the Ryan (WI) motion that the House recede from its amendment to the amendment of the Senate, and concur therein with the amendment printed in Part A of House Report 113-290, modified by the amendment printed in Part B of that report.
- December 12, 2013 – The previous question was ordered pursuant to the rule.
- December 12, 2013 – On motion that the House recede and concur with an amendment in the Senate amendment Agreed to by recorded vote: 332-94 (Roll no. 640).
- December 12, 2013 – Motion to reconsider laid on the table Agreed to without objection.

December 12, 2013 – Message on House action received in Senate and at desk: House amendment to Senate amendment.

December 15, 2013 – Measure laid before the Senate by unanimous consent.

December 15, 2013 – Motion by Senator Reid to concur in the House amendment to the Senate amendment with an amendment (SA 2547) made in Senate.

December 15, 2013 – Motion by Senator Reid to refer to Senate Committee on the Budget the House message to accompany the joint resolution with instructions to report back forthwith amendment SA 2549 made in Senate.

House Resolution 174

Sponsor – Hon. Chris Van Hollen [MD-8]

Date Introduced – April 23, 2013

Title – Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Speaker should immediately request a conference and appoint conferees to complete work on a fiscal year 2014 budget resolution with the Senate.

April 23, 2013 – Referred to the House Committee on the Budget.

June 20, 2013 – Motion to discharge Committee filed by Mr. Van Hollen. Petition No: 113-3.

S. 230

Sponsor – Hon. Rob Portman [OH]

Date Introduced – February 7, 2013

Title – A bill to authorize the Peace Corps Commemorative Foundation to establish a commemorative work in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes.

February 7, 2013 – Read twice and referred to the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources.

March 14, 2013 – Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. Ordered to be reported without amendment favorably.

April 22, 2013 – Committee on Energy and Natural Resources. Reported by Senator Wyden without amendment. With written report No. 113-21.

June 19, 2013 – Passed/agreed to in the Senate: Passed

Senate without amendment by Unanimous Consent.
 June 20, 2013 – Received in the House.
 June 20, 2013 – Message on Senate action sent to the House.
 June 20, 2103 – Referred to the Committee on Natural Resources, and in addition to the Committee on the Budget, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned.
 December 4, 2013 – Natural Resources Committee consideration and mark-up session held. Ordered to be reported by Unanimous Consent.

BILLS AND RESOLUTIONS
 REFERRED TO THE BUDGET COMMITTEE

H.R. 8 (112th Congress)

Hon. Dave Camp [MI-4]
 American Taxpayer Relief Act of 2012

H.R. 15

Hon. Joe Garcia [FL-26]
 Border Security, Economic Opportunity, and Immigration Modernization Act

H.R. 41

Hon. Scott Garrett [NJ-5]
 To temporarily increase the borrowing authority of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for carrying out the National Flood Insurance Program.

H.R. 45

Hon. Michele Bachmann [MN-6]
 To repeal the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and health care-related provisions in the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010.

H.R. 46

Hon. Michele Bachmann [MN-6]
 To repeal the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer

Protection Act.

H.R. 152

Hon. Harold Rogers [KY-5]
Disaster Relief Appropriations Act, 2013

H.R. 201

Hon. Barbara Lee [CA-13]
Poverty Impact Trigger Act of 2013

H.R. 206

Hon. Loretta Sanchez [CA-46]
STALKERS Act of 2013

H.R. 239

Hon. Dennis A. Ross [FL-15]
Zero-based Budgeting Ensures Responsible Oversight (ZERO) Act of
2013

H.R. 243

Hon. Dennis A. Ross [FL-15]
Bowles-Simpson Plan of Lowering America's Debt Act

H.R. 254

Hon. Jason Chaffetz [UT-3]
Bonneville Unit Clean Hydropower Facilitation Act

H.R. 319

Hon. Darrell E. Issa [CA-49]
To amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide for an
expedited process for increasing the statutory limit on the public debt.

H.R. 326

Hon. Doug Lamborn [CO-5]
Budget Before Borrowing Act of 2013

H.R. 367

Hon. Todd C. Young [IN-9]
Regulations From the Executive in Need of Scrutiny Act of 2013

H.R. 372

Hon. Paul C. Broun [GA-10]
Budget or Bust Act

H.R. 381

Hon. Chaka Fattah [PA-2]
Reinvesting and Ensuring America's Ability to Lead Act of 2013

H.R. 444

Hon. Tom Price [GA-6]
Require a PLAN Act

H.R. 476

Hon. Phil Gingrey [GA-11]
GAAP Act

H.R. 505

Hon. Keith Ellison [MN-5]
Balancing Act

H.R. 522

Hon. Steve Daines [MT]
Balanced Budget Accountability Act

H.R. 545

Hon. Raúl M. Grijalva [AZ-3]
Prioritize Emergency Job Creation Act

H.R. 593

Hon. Howard P. "Buck" McKeon [CA-25]
Down Payment to Protect National Security Act of 2013

H.R. 607

Hon. Mac Thornberry [TX-13]
To delay until 2016 provisions of the Patient Protection and
Affordable Care Act scheduled to take effect in 2014 or 2015 and to
delay the application of sequestration until 2014.

H.R. 668

Hon. Luke Messer [IN-6]
To amend section 1105(a) of title 31, United States Code, to require
that annual budget submissions of the President to Congress provide

an estimate of the cost per taxpayer of the deficit, and for other purposes.

H.R. 699

Hon. Chris Van Hollen [MD-8]
Stop the Sequester Job Loss Now Act

H.R. 729

Hon. Jim McDermott [WA-7]
Medical Research Protection Act of 2013

H.R. 773

Hon. J. Randy Forbes [VA-4]
To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to exempt the Department of Defense from reduction under any order issued to carry out a sequestration pursuant to section 251A.

H.R. 787

Hon. Tim Murphy [PA-18]
Infrastructure Jobs and Energy Independence Act

H.R. 804

Hon. Mike Coffman [CO-6]
Smarter Than Sequester Defense Spending Reduction Act

H.R. 811

Hon. Peter T. King [NY-2]
Never Forget 9/11 Heroes Act

H.R. 816

Hon. Reid J. Ribble [WI-8]
Sequestration Flexibility Act of 2013

H.R. 823

Hon. John Abney Culberson [TX-7]
Space Leadership Preservation Act of 2013

H.R. 849

Hon. Adam Smith [WA-9]
Sequestration Relief Act of 2013

H.R. 857

Hon. Paul Cook [CA-8]
Protect Troops at War Act of 2013

H.R. 879

Hon. Joe Wilson [SC-2]
Biennial Budgeting and Appropriations Act

H.R. 899

Hon. Virginia Foxx [NC-5]
Unfunded Mandates Information and Transparency Act of 2013

H.R. 900

Hon. John Conyers, Jr. [MI-13]
Cancel the Sequester Act of 2013

H.R. 915

Hon. Joseph P. Kennedy III [MA-4]
To authorize the Peace Corps Commemorative Foundation to establish a commemorative work in the District of Columbia and its environs, and for other purposes.

H.R. 933

Hon. Harold Rogers [KY-5]
Consolidated and Further Continuing Appropriations Act, 2013

H.R. 958

Hon. Rick Larsen [WA-2]
Women Veterans and Other Health Care Improvements Act of 2013

H.R. 987

Hon. David G. Reichert [WA-8]
TANF Extension Act of 2013

H.R. 996

Hon. Louise McIntosh Slaughter [NY-25]
Invasive Fish and Wildlife Prevention Act

H.R. 1014

Hon. Steven M. Palazzo [MS-4]

To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to provide that military technicians (dual status) shall be included in military personnel accounts for purposes of any order issued under that Act.

H.R. 1031

Hon. Peter A. DeFazio [OR-4]
Social Security Protection and Truth in Budgeting Act of 2013

H.R. 1124

Hon. Maxine Waters [CA-43]
TIGER Grants for Job Creation Act

H.R. 1165

Hon. Ken Calvert [CA-42]
Maximize Offshore Resource Exploration Act of 2013

H.R. 1202

Hon. Austin Scott [GA-8]
One Percent Spending Reduction Act of 2013

H.R. 1266

Hon. William L. Owens [NY-21]
To amend title 40, United States Code, concerning the calculation of transactions for the lease of land ports of entry and international bridges, and for other purposes.

H.R. 1270

Hon. Martha Roby [AL-2]
Honest Budget Act of 2013

H.R. 1365

Hon. Zoe Lofgren [CA-19]
Refugee Protection Act of 2013

H.R. 1371

Hon. Betty McCollum [MN-4]
To restore to the Indian Health Service funds sequestered under section 251A of the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to the extent that the percentage reduction for that program exceeded 2 percent.

H.R. 1416

Hon. Renee L. Ellmers [NC-2]
Cancer Patient Protection Act of 2013

H.R. 1445

Hon. Frank Pallone, Jr. [NJ-6]
Sandy Disaster Fisheries Relief Act

H.R. 1475

Hon. Lynn Jenkins [KS-2]
To amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 to provide for supplemental estimates of certain revenue bills or joint resolutions that incorporates the macroeconomic effects of that measure.

H.R. 1478

Hon. Eleanor Holmes Norton [DC]
Member of Congress Pay Sequestration and Fairness Act

H.R. 1576

Hon. Ted Poe [TX-2]
Dollar Bill Act of 2013

H.R. 1616

Hon. David B. McKinley [WV-1]
Energy Savings and Industrial Competitiveness Act of 2013

H.R. 1624

Hon. Ted Poe [TX-2]
Crime Victims Fund Preservation Act of 2013

H.R. 1654

Hon. James B. Renacci [OH-16]
Budget Process Improvement Act of 2013

H.R. 1668

Hon. Nydia M. Velazquez [NY-7]
Safely Sheltering Disaster Victims Act of 2013

H.R. 1713

Hon. Tim Murphy [PA-18]

Social Security and Medicare Protection Act

H.R. 1715

Hon. Gary C. Peters [MI-14]
Expedited Consideration of Cuts, Consolidations, and Savings Act of 2013

H.R. 1727

Hon. Timothy J. Walz [MN-1]
Beginning Farmer and Rancher Opportunity Act of 2013

H.R. 1753

Hon. Frank Pallone, Jr. [NJ-6]
Sandy Disaster Fisheries Relief Act

H.R. 1762

Hon. Mac Thornberry [TX-13]
Biennial Budgeting and Appropriations Act of 2013

H.R. 1765

Hon. Tom Latham [IA-3]
Reducing Flight Delays Act of 2013

H.R. 1766

Hon. Maxine Waters [CA-43]
Safe and Reliable Air Travel Act of 2013

H.R. 1868

Hon. Diane Black [TN-6]
Legally Binding Budget Act of 2013

H.R. 1869

Hon. Reid J. Ribble [WI-8]
Biennial Budgeting and Enhanced Oversight Act of 2013

H.R. 1870

Hon. Paul Ryan [WI-1]
Expedited Legislative Line-Item Veto and Rescissions Act of 2013

H.R. 1871

Hon. Rob Woodall [GA-7]

Baseline Reform Act of 2013

H.R. 1872

Hon. Scott Garrett [NJ-5]
Budget and Accounting Transparency Act of 2013

H.R. 1873

Hon. Jason Chaffetz [UT-3]
Review Every Dollar Act of 2013

H.R. 1874

Hon. Tom Price [GA-6]
Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013

H.R. 1896

Hon. David G. Reichert [WA-8]
International Child Support Recovery Improvement Act of 2013

H.R. 1911

Hon. John Kline [MN-2]
Bipartisan Student Loan Certainty Act of 2013

H.R. 2060

Hon. Chris Van Hollen [MD-8]
Stop the Sequester Job Loss Now Act Through 2014

H.R. 2161

Hon. Louie Gohmert [TX-1]
Assisting Students with Loans Act

H.R. 2177

Hon. Marcy Kaptur [OH-9]
Unemployment Restoration Act

H.R. 2238

Hon. Jim Costa [CA-16]
To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act of 1985 to exempt the Crime Victims Fund from sequestration.

H.R. 2290

Hon. Marcy Kaptur [OH-9]

Rural Energy Investment Act of 2013

H.R. 2300

Hon. Tom Price [GA-6]
Empowering Patients First Act of 2013

H.R. 2348

Hon. David Schweikert [AZ-6]
Jumpstart GSE Reform Act

H.R. 2417

Hon. Trent Franks [AZ-8]
Secure High-voltage Infrastructure for Electricity from Lethal
Damage Act

H.R. 2447

Hon. Daniel Lipinski [IL-3]
American Manufacturing Competitiveness Act of 2013

H.R. 2518

Hon. Adam Kinzinger [IL-16]
Truth in Spending Act of 2013

H.R. 2582

Hon. Michael M. Honda [CA-17]
PATENT Jobs Act

H.R. 2613

Hon. John Barrow [GA-12]
To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
of 1985 to provide the President with the authority to exempt civilian
Department of Defense personnel accounts from sequestration.

H.R. 2614

Hon. John Barrow [GA-12]
To amend the Balanced Budget and Emergency Deficit Control Act
of 1985 to provide the President with the authority to exempt civilian
Department of Defense personnel accounts from sequestration.

H.R. 2663

Hon. Michael C. Burgess [TX-26]

To amend the Congressional Budget Act of 1974 respecting the scoring of preventative health savings.

H.R. 2686

Hon. Kurt Schrader [OR-5]

To amend title 31, United States Code, to provide that the President's annual budget submission to Congress list the current fiscal year spending level for each proposed program and a separate amount for any proposed spending increases, and for other purposes.

H.R. 2695

Hon. Hakeem S. Jeffries [NY-8]

American Public Housing Act of 2013

H.R. 2725

Hon. Leonard Lance [NJ-7]

Food and Drug Administration Safety Over Sequestration Act of 2013

H.R. 2821

Hon. Frederica S. Wilson [FL-24]

American Jobs Act of 2013

H.R. 2913

Hon. Charles W. Boustany, Jr. [LA-3]

Veterans' Local Access Act

H.R. 2944

Hon. Rick Larsen [WA-2]

TIGER CUBS Act

H.R. 2967

Hon. Aaron Schock [IL-18]

INFORM Act

H.R. 3059

Hon. Ed Whitfield [KY-1]

Biennial Budgeting and Appropriations Act of 2013

H.R. 3080

Hon. Bill Shuster [PA-9]

Water Resources Development Act of 2013

H.R. 3149

Hon. Scott H. Peters [CA-52]
Pay Down the Debt Act of 2013

H.R. 3181

Hon. Michael H. Michaud [ME-2]
Defending Veterans from Sequestration Act of 2013

H.R. 3229

Hon. Don Young [AK]
Indian Health Service Advance Appropriations Act of 2013

H.R. 3486

Hon. Tom Graves [GA-14]
Transportation Empowerment Act

H.R. 3592

Hon. David N. Cicilline [RI-1]
Jobs Score Act of 2013

H.R. 3639

Hon. Jim Bridenstine [OK-1]
Provide for the Common Defense Act of 2013

H.R. 3644

Hon. Jack Kingston [GA-1]
Eliminate Preventable Waste Act

H.R. 3666

Hon. Rosa L. DeLauro [CT-3]
Sequester Delay and Stop Tax Haven Abuse Act

H.R. 3667

Hon. Andy Harris [MD-1]
To amend title XIX of the Social Security Act to increase by 10 percentage points the required State match for certain newly eligible individuals under the Medicaid program and to apply savings against sequestration reductions otherwise required, and for other purposes.

H.R. 3771

Hon. Eric Swalwell [CA-15]
To accelerate the income tax benefits for charitable cash contributions for the relief of victims of the Typhoon Haiyan in the Philippines.

House Resolution 20

Hon. E. Scott Rigell [VA-2]
Providing that the House of Representatives is committed to restoring America's financial foundation by achieving a Federal spending target of 20 percent of gross domestic product (GDP) and a Federal revenue target of 20 percent of GDP by the end of calendar year 2020.

House Resolution 174

Hon. Chris Van Hollen [MD-8]
Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that the Speaker should immediately request a conference and appoint conferees to complete work on a fiscal year 2014 budget resolution with the Senate.

House Resolution 375

Hon. Sheila Jackson Lee [TX-18]
Expressing the sense of the House of Representatives that Congress should refrain from conditioning the resolution of fiscal and budgetary disputes on the taking of action relating to non-germane legislative matters.

House Joint Resolution 59

Hon. Harold Rogers [KY-5]
Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2014

House Joint Resolution 62

Hon. Tom Graves [GA-14]
Stability, Security, and Fairness Resolution of 2013

House Joint Resolution 65

Hon. Eric A. "Rick" Crawford [AR-1]
Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2014

House Joint Resolution 66

Hon. Tom Reed [NY-23]
Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2014

House Joint Resolution 67
Hon. Eric A. “Rick” Crawford [AR-1]
Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2014

House Joint Resolution 69
Hon. Tom Reed [NY-23]
Continuing Appropriations Resolution, 2014

House Joint Resolution 100
Hon. George Miller [CA-11]
Making further continuing appropriations for the fiscal year ending
September 30, 2014, and for other purposes.

S. 230
Hon. Rob Portman [OH]
A bill to authorize the Peace Corps Commemorative Foundation to
establish a commemorative work in the District of Columbia and its
environs, and for other purposes.

COMMITTEE REPORTS

House Report 113-17
House Concurrent Resolution 25
March 15, 2013
Concurrent Resolution on the Budget – Fiscal Year 2014

House Report 113-129
H.R. 1871
June 25, 2013
Baseline Reform Act of 2013

House Report 113-16, Part 1
H.R. 1874
July 19, 2013
Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013

HEARINGS

The Congressional Budget Office's Budget and Economic Outlook
[2/13/2013]

Witness: Douglas W. Elmendorf, Director, Congressional Budget Office

Members' Day [3/7/2013]

Witnesses: Members of the 113th Congress

The President's Fiscal Year 2014 Budget [4/11/2013]

Witness: The Honorable Jeffrey Zients, Acting Director and Deputy Director for Management, Office of Management and Budget

The President's Fiscal Year 2014 Revenue and Economic Policy Proposals [4/16/2013]

Witness: The Honorable Jacob J. Lew, Secretary, Department of the Treasury

State of the Highway Trust Fund: Long-term Solutions for Solvency
[4/24/2013]

Witnesses: Robert Poole, Searle Freedom Trust Transportation Fellow and Director of Transportation Policy, Reason Foundation; R. Richard Geddes, Director of the Cornell Program in Infrastructure Policy and Associate Professor, Cornell University; Janet F. Kavinoky, Executive Director, Transportation and Infrastructure, U.S. Chamber of Commerce, Vice President, Americans for Transportation Mobility Coalition

The Department of Defense and the Fiscal Year 2014 Budget
[6/12/2013]

Witnesses: The Honorable Charles T. Hagel, Secretary, Department of Defense; General Martin E. Dempsey, Chairman, Joint Chiefs of Staff; Robert F. Hale, Under Secretary (Comptroller), Department of Defense

America's Energy Revolution: A New Path to Jobs and Economic Growth [6/26/2013]

Witnesses: Martin J. Durbin, President and Chief Executive Officer, America's Natural Gas Alliance; John W. Larson, Vice President, Economics and Country Risk, IHS; Daniel J. Weiss, Senior Fellow, Center for American Progress

The War on Poverty: A Progress Report [7/31/2013]

Witnesses: Eloise Anderson, Secretary, Wisconsin Department of Children and Families; Jon Baron, President, Coalition for Evidence-Based Policy; Douglas Besharov, Professor, University of Maryland School of Public Policy; Simone Campbell, SSS, Executive Director, NETWORK

The Congressional Budget Office's Long-Term Budget Outlook
[9/26/2013]

Witness: Douglas W. Elmendorf, Director, Congressional
Budget Office

Meeting of the Committee of Conference on the Fiscal Year 2014
Concurrent Resolution on the Budget (S. Con. Res. 8)
[10/30/2013]

Meeting of the Committee of Conference on the Fiscal Year 2014
Concurrent Resolution on the Budget (S. Con. Res. 8)
[11/13/2013]

COMMITTEE PUBLICATIONS

A Debt Crisis in America: What It Might Look Like [2/22/2013]

The Path to Prosperity, A Responsible, Balanced Budget [3/12/2013]

A Contrast in Visions, Senate Democrats: Take More to Spend More,
Unserious and Unbalanced; House Republicans: A Responsible,
Balanced Budget [3/15/2013]

The President's Plan Takes More to Spend More [4/10/2013]

The Facts About the President's Budget [4/11/2013]

The President's Budget: Bad for Economic Growth and Bad for Jobs
[4/12/2013]

CBO: Spending Is Still the Problem [5/14/2013]

Military Construction and Veterans Affairs Appropriations Bill

Update (H.R. 2216) [6/4/2013]

Title – Military Construction and Veterans Affairs, and Related
Agencies Appropriations Act, 2014

Bill Number – H.R. 2216

Homeland Security Appropriations Bill Update (H.R. 2217)

[6/5/2013]

Title – Department of Homeland Security Appropriations Act,
2014

Bill Number – H.R. 2217

Energy and Water Development Appropriations Bill Update

(H.R. 2609) [7/9/2013]

Title – Energy and Water Development and Related Agencies
Appropriations Act, 2014

Bill Number – H.R. 2609

Department of Defense Appropriations Bill Update (H.R. 2397)

[7/23/2013]

Title – Department of Defense Appropriations Act, 2014

Bill Number – H.R. 2397

The Case for Structural Reform [10/9/2013]

The Need to Reform Military Compensation [12/10/2013]

The Transportation Security Administration and the Aviation-
Security Fee [12/10/2013]

User Fees in the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2013 [12/10/2013]

The Bipartisan Budget Agreement's Spending Cuts [12/10/2013]

Setting the Record Straight: The Bipartisan Budget Agreement
[12/10/2013]

The Bipartisan Budget Act Builds on Fiscal Discipline [12/12/2013]

HOUSE BUDGET COMMITTEE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS
SUMMARY REPORT

The primary goal of a federal budget should be to immediately accelerate job growth and place our economy on a stable long-term foundation. During the debate on the budget resolution on March 20, Democrats offered a budget that does this by investing in national priorities, replacing the job-killing sequester, and reducing the long-term deficit in a balanced way. It provides for vital investments to ensure that America remains the world's economic powerhouse. It allocates resources to put people back to work modernizing the roads, bridges, ports and other infrastructure that forms the backbone of our economy. It also invests in our nation's most valuable resource—our children—by boosting support for education, including an early education initiative. It replaces the deep sequester cuts hurting our economy, costing us 800,000 American jobs by this time next year, according to the Congressional Budget Office. That is a self-inflicted wound that we cannot afford. Finally, it adopts the balanced approach to long-term deficit reduction recommended by every bipartisan group, with a combination of targeted savings in mandatory spending programs and cuts to tax breaks enjoyed by millionaires.

In addition to the budget resolution, in the first session of the 113th Congress Budget Committee Democrats offered proposals reflecting these priorities as alternatives and amendments to Republican budget legislation. Budget Committee Democrats also made repeated efforts to convene a conference on the budget resolution to produce an agreement that would repeal the sequester while providing support for necessary services. (Ultimately, six months after the statutory deadline for completing the budget, the House named budget conferees.) In addition, the Democratic Caucus of the Budget Committee published a variety of materials that highlight concerns with the Republican legislation and that explain the Democratic approach and proposals.

LEGISLATION OFFERED BY THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

H.R. 699, THE STOP THE SEQUESTER JOB LOSS NOW ACT

On February 14, 2013, Rep. Van Hollen introduced the Stop the Sequester Job Loss Now Act to eliminate the sequester for calendar year 2013 entirely while reducing the deficit by more than the amount of the scheduled across-the-board spending cuts. The bill makes specific policy choices that reduce the deficit in a balanced way, with a mix of spending cuts and additional revenue from closing tax breaks for special interests and the very wealthy. The bill also calls for a balanced solution to stop the full multi-year sequester. Democrats made repeated attempts to offer this legislation and similar proposals as an amendment to multiple budget and appropriations bills, but the Republican leadership repeatedly blocked efforts to vote on these measures.

FISCAL YEAR 2014 BUDGET RESOLUTION

On March 13, 2013, during the House Budget Committee markup of the Republican budget resolution, Democrats offered 23 dif-

ferent amendments to eliminate the most harmful provisions and improve the budget. The amendments were designed to put Americans back to work in the short-term, grow the economy through wise investments, protect the middle class from tax increases, protect government guarantees to our seniors, preserve the safety net for those who need it, and reduce the deficit wisely through a balanced approach. None of the amendments would have increased the deficit, and in fact, several would have reduced the deficit. The amendments offset proposed spending by reducing future unnecessary funding for the war or by cutting special interest tax breaks, including subsidies for big oil companies, egregious tax breaks such as preferential tax treatment for corporate jets, tax loopholes that encourage the outsourcing of manufacturing and result in fewer American jobs, and additional tax breaks for the wealthiest in society. Republicans rejected every Democratic amendment to reduce the deficit or invest in vital national priorities.

On March 20, 2013, on the House floor Budget Committee Democrats offered a substitute to the Republican 2014 budget resolution. The Democratic budget promotes job creation and economic growth, makes key investments in America's future, keeps our commitments to our seniors, and strengthens the middle class. It also takes a targeted and balanced approach to reducing our long-term deficit, and calls for shared responsibility to build shared prosperity.

H.RES. 174, RESOLUTION URGING CONFERENCE TO COMPLETE THE
FISCAL YEAR 2014 BUDGET RESOLUTION

On April 23, 2013, Budget Committee Democrats introduced H.Res. 174, which expresses the sense of the House of Representatives that the Speaker should immediately request a conference and appoint conferees to complete work on a fiscal year 2014 budget resolution with the Senate. On June 20, 2013, Democrats filed a motion to discharge the resolution from the Budget Committee to bring it to the House floor for a vote. Democrats made repeated attempts to offer this legislation as an amendment to budget and appropriations bills.

H.R. 2060, STOP THE SEQUESTER JOB LOSS NOW ACT THROUGH 2014

On May 20, 2013, Rep. Van Hollen introduced H.R. 2060 to eliminate the entire sequester for both fiscal year 2013 and 2014 while reducing the deficit by more than the amount of the scheduled spending cuts. The bill makes specific policy choices that reduce the deficit in a balanced way, with a mix of spending cuts and additional revenue by limiting special tax preferences. The bill also calls for a balanced solution to stop the full multi-year sequester.

BUDGET PROCESS LEGISLATION

On June 19, 2013, the Budget Committee marked up two relatively minor budget process bills: the Baseline Reform Act of 2013 (H.R. 1871), and the Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013 (H.R. 1874). During the markup, Democrats offered three amendments designed to address urgent fiscal issues facing the country, but Re-

publicans used procedural roadblocks to prevent votes on all three amendments.

The first amendment, offered by Rep. Van Hollen, is one he had repeatedly tried to offer at the House Rules Committee but was denied a floor vote each time. The amendment completely replaced the sequester for the remainder of fiscal year 2013 and for all of fiscal year 2014, and reduced the deficit by an additional \$30 billion through a mix of targeted cuts to spending and tax expenditures. It replaced the sequester and reduced the deficit—but unlike the sequester’s deep and arbitrary cuts, did so in a way that will not cost hundreds of thousands of jobs, close Head Start centers, or kick seniors off of Meals on Wheels.

The second amendment, offered by Rep. Moore, called on the Speaker of the House to immediately name budget conferees so that Congress could move forward with the process to adopt a budget resolution conference agreement. It simply required Congress to follow the budget rules already in place. Current budget law requires the Conference Committee to complete action by April 15, but Speaker Boehner was refusing to appoint conferees.

The third amendment, offered by Rep. McDermott, established a new House point of order against consideration of a “deeming resolution” when the House and Senate have passed budget resolutions and no budget conferees have been named. Resorting to a “deemer” to establish budget enforcement when both Houses have produced a budget but conferees have not been appointed is admitting defeat before the process starts. If both bodies have passed a budget, there is no reason to pretend that one of them is adopted—there should be a conference to work out a final deal. Adopting a deeming resolution before a formal attempt at reaching a conference agreement is putting the cart before the horse, which is exactly what the Republican House did this year.

H.RES. 372, TO CONSIDER LEGISLATION TO REOPEN THE GOVERNMENT

On October 4, 2013, Rep. Van Hollen introduced H.Res. 372, a resolution to allow a vote on legislation that would end the government shutdown that began on October 1 by providing funding at the Senate-approved levels until November 15, 2013. The Republican leadership refused to allow a vote on that, and allowed the shameful and unnecessary shutdown to continue through October 16, 2013.

PUBLICATIONS OF THE DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS

The following publications were prepared by the staff of the Democratic Caucus of the Committee on the Budget. The publications were not approved by the full membership of the Committee.

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS PUBLICATIONS

Date	Title
Jan. 17, 2013	Sequestration: An Update for 2013
Feb. 5, 2013	Fact sheet on the Require a PLAN Act (H.R. 444)
Mar. 5, 2013	Democrats Still Denied a Vote on the “Stop the Sequester Job Loss Now” Act
Mar. 12, 2013	Fact sheet on the FY 2014 Republican Budget
Mar. 13, 2013	GOP Budget Protects Special Interests at the Expense of Jobs, Key Investments, and Seniors
Mar. 13, 2013	Minority Views on the House Budget Committee FY 2014 Budget Resolution

DEMOCRATIC CAUCUS PUBLICATIONS—Continued

Date	Title
Mar. 15, 2013	Democratic Amendments to the Republican 2014 Budget Resolution
Mar. 18, 2013	House Democratic Budget: Jobs, Growth, and a Stronger Future
Mar. 18, 2013	Top Reasons to Support the Democratic Budget Alternative
Mar. 18, 2013	Comparison of Republican Budget and Democratic Alternative
Mar. 18, 2013	Top Reasons to Oppose the Republican Budget
Apr. 10, 2013	Brief Analysis of the President's FY 2014 Budget
Apr. 12, 2013	Highlights of the President's FY 2014 Budget Proposal
May 21, 2013	Fact sheet on Stop the Sequester Job Loss Through 2014 Act
June 20, 2013	Minority Views on markup of H.R. 1871 (Baseline Reform Act of 2013) and H.R. 1874 (Pro-Growth Budgeting Act of 2013)
July 17, 2013	Analysis of Individual Market Proposed Premium Filings Released for 2014
Sep. 26, 2013	Fact sheet on Stop the Sequester Job Loss for 2014 Act
Sep. 27, 2013	Frequently Asked Questions about Sequestration: An Update for FY 2014
Dec. 5, 2013	Democratic Budget Plan

